LIME & GRIME REMOVER 1L

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#### Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: LIME & GRIME REMOVER 1L

Product code: FT1-LG

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Britannia Group Ltd

127 Berry Business Park middlemore Industrial Estate

Birmingham
West Midlands

B21 0AY

United Kingdom

Tel: 03333350574

Email: info@britanniagroupltd.co.uk

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

#### **Section 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP: Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Corr. 1A: H314

Most important adverse effects: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Label elements:

Hazard statements: H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Hazard pictograms: GHS05: Corrosion



Signal words: Danger

Precautionary statements: P260: Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P350: IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.

P102: Keep out of reach of children.

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P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water .

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

**PBT:** This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

# Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Hazardous ingredients:

#### CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE

CITRIC ACID	MONOTTDNAT	<u> </u>		
EINECS	CAS	PBT / WEL	CLP Classification	
201-069-1	5949-29-1	-	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336	1-10%
ORTHOPHOS	SPHORIC ACID			
231-633-2	7664-38-2	-	Skin Corr. 1B: H314	1-10%
ALKYL DIMET	HYL BENZYL A	MMONIUM CHLORIDE		

270-325-2	68424-85-1	-	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Acute Tox. 4:	1-10%
			H302; Skin Corr. 1C: H314; Skin	
			Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Corr. 1A:	
			H314; Eye Dam. 1: H318	

# ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE (C6-12)

-	68439-45-2	_	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1:	1-10%
			H318	

### Section 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Skin contact:** Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.

Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.

Eye contact: Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist

examination.

**Ingestion:** Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 cup of water to drink

every 10 minutes. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration

if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position.

Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

[cont...]

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Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If

unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and provide oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as

possible.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Skin contact:** Blistering may occur. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not

immediate.

Eye contact: Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage.

Ingestion: Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. Blood may be vomited. There may be

bleeding from the mouth or nose.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Exposure

may cause coughing or wheezing.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate / special treatment: Eye bathing equipment should be available on the premises.

#### **Section 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Suitable extinguishing media for the surrounding fire should be used. Use water

spray to cool containers.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Exposure hazards:** Corrosive. In combustion emits toxic fumes.

# 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent

contact with skin and eyes.

### Section 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. If outside keep bystanders upwind

and away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Turn leaking containers leak-

side up to prevent the escape of liquid.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.

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#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific

substance. Absorb into dry earth or sand. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage

container for disposal by an appropriate method.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections: Refer to section 8 of SDS.

### Section 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the

area. Do not handle in a confined space. Avoid the formation or spread of mists in

the air.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): No data available.

#### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

# Hazardous ingredients:

#### **ORTHOPHOSPHORIC ACID...100%**

### Workplace exposure limits:

### Respirable dust

State	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL
UK	1 mg/m3	2 mg/m3	_	_

#### **DNEL/PNEC Values**

**DNEL / PNEC** No data available.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Engineering measures:** Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.

Hand protection: Impermeable gloves.

**Eye protection:** Tightly fitting safety goggles. Ensure eye bath is to hand.

**Skin protection:** Impermeable protective clothing.

### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

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### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Liquid

Colour: Pale green

**Odour:** Aromatic

Boiling point/range°C: 100 Melting point/range°C: 135

**pH**: 1-3

#### 9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity:** Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

Decomposition may occur on exposure to conditions or materials listed below.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat, Do NOT allow to Freeze

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Alkalis.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon

dioxide.

# **Section 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### **Toxicity values:**

Route	Species	Test	Value	Units
DERMAL	RAT	LD50	200	mg/kg
ORAL	RAT	LD50	11700	mg/kg
VAPOURS	RAT	1H LC50	1.6	MK/L

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### **Hazardous ingredients:**

#### **ORTHOPHOSPHORIC ACID...100%**

ORL RAT LD50 1530 mg/kg	
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#### Relevant hazards for product:

Hazard	Route	Basis	
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Hazardous: calculated	
Serious eye damage/irritation	OPT	Hazardous: calculated	

#### Symptoms / routes of exposure

**Skin contact:** Blistering may occur. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not

immediate.

Eye contact: Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage.

Ingestion: Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. Blood may be vomited. There may be

bleeding from the mouth or nose.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Exposure

may cause coughing or wheezing.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

### Section 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

### **Ecotoxicity values:**

Species	Test	Value	Units
Daphnia magna	48H EC50	0.016	mg/l
FISH	96H LC50	0.515	mg/l
Daphnia Magna NOECO	-	0.77	mg/l

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: Biodegradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No bioaccumulation potential.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility:** Do not let product contaminate subsoil

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

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#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: Negligible ecotoxicity.

# **Section 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal

company.

**Disposal of packaging:** Empty containers can be cleaned with water. Empty containers can be sent for

disposal or recycling.

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national

regulations regarding disposal.

### **Section 14: Transport information**

**Transport class:** This product does not require a classification for transport.

#### **Section 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Specific regulations: Not applicable.

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the

mixture by the supplier.

### **Section 16: Other information**

#### Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU)

No 2015/830.

\* indicates text in the SDS which has changed since the last revision.

Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Legal disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all

inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.